

Let's explore your family's past with a few tools from your safari backpack.

Directions: Match these tools with each of the steps to exploring your family's history below.







Device for viewing and finding distant objects



Device for capturing visual images



An instrument that shows directions



A diagram of an area of land

- 1. Sign in to FamilySearch.org to get started in the right **direction.**
- 2. View **diagrams** of family relationships called family trees.
- 3. **Capture** and preserve photographs of your family.
- 4. Look at records to **find** relatives that aren't in your family tree yet.

Family Tree Explorers

Kids on a Family Safari!

Introduction

Play the matching game on the cover page to introduce the child the idea of exploring their family's past by using tools to those of an explorer.

Matching game answers:

- 1. Sign in to FamilySearch.org to get started in the right direction *Compass*
- 2. View diagrams of family relationships called family trees Map
- 3. Capture and preserve photographs of your family *Camera*
- 4. Look at records to find relatives that aren't in your family tree yet Binoculars

Lesson 1: Sign in to FamilySearch.org

The COMPASS is FamilySearch.org! FamilySearch is a tool we use in family history to get started in the right direction.

- Read Lesson 1 and do each "to do" item.
- Glue the matching stamp in the passport

Lesson 2: Fan and Pedigree Chart

Explorers use a map to see where they're going. In family history, the map we use is called a pedigree chart.

- Read Lesson 2 and do each "to do" item.
- Glue the matching stamp in the passport

Lesson 3: Photos and Stories

Explorers use CAMERAS to capture images and memories. Family historians capture memories too!

- Read Lesson 3 and do each "to do" item.
- Glue the matching stamp in the passport.

Lesson 4: Finding a Name

An explorer uses BINOCULARS to see far away. That's what we do in family history when we look at old records!

- Read Lesson 4 and do each "to do" item.
- Glue the matching stamp in the passport.

Next steps:

- For very full trees, go to an ancestor born before 1800. View their tree with descendants view.
- Expand the descendancy tree for 3-4 generations.
- Look for green temple icons. Click "request" to reserve their name for temple work.

Lesson 1 Sign in to FamilySearch.org



¹ (¹ FamilySearch	Get help - Free Account
	Sign In to FamilySearch
L Call Bridge	Username
	Password
	Sign In
Connect Generations With a FamilySearch account, a world of family history possibilities comes to life. Start making connections today.	Forgot your usemame or password? OR # LDS Account

Familysearch.org is the church's website for recording family history information and preparing names for temple work. You can upload photos, stories, and documents about your family to preserve them and share them with others. Once you have signed in, you're ready to begin exploring!



a step in the right direction!

280

To do:

• With the help of your parents, create an account at FamilySearch.org.

• Make a note of your username and password so you don't forget how to log in.

Lesson 2 **Fan and Pedigree Chart**





You can view your family tree in many ways! A family tree is a diagram that maps out relationships to parents, grandparents, ancestors, and even cousins (in a descendancy tree).

To do:

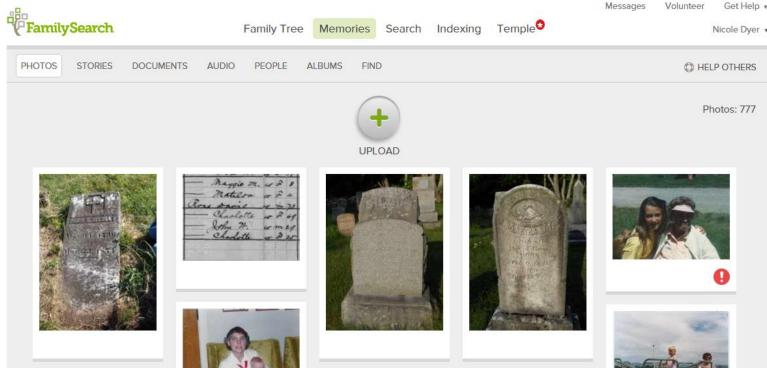
- Click "Family Tree" to view a diagram of your ancestors. Follow it back to see more generations.
- If your tree is empty, add your parents and grandparents' names.
- Try all four of the tree views: landscape, fan chart, portrait, and descendancy.



Tip: Map out your parents and grandparents on a blank family tree for practice.

Lesson 3 **Photos and Stories**





It's easy to add a photo, story, or audio clip to FamilySearch and preserve it forever! Memories and photos that you add of living people are kept private. Only you and your parents (and someday your children) can view them.

To do:

- Upload a photo of yourself or a family member.
- Add a story about one of your grandparents write a couple sentences about them from memory.
- View photos of your ancestors if other users have added any.



Tip: Capture important photos from your own life too.

Lesson 4 **Finding a Name**



 James Glenn Dyer 1908-1995 • KWZ7-63P Marriage: 11 December 1945 Salt Lake City, Salt Lake, Utah Nona Richards 1921-1994 • KWCY-PZY 	 ₽ ● 		h Hancock led In the record of Richard Lynn Hancock	
✓ Children	Record Hints	Birthplace:	Taylor, Arizona, Usa	
Lynn Young Hancock	Lynn Young Hancock	Gender:	Male	
1913-1986 • KWZG-3YZ		Wife	Sarah Hoagland	
✓ Ada Bell Gifford	Lynn Hancock Idaho, Deaths and Burials, 1907-1965	Son	Richard Lynn Hancock	
1912-2001 ⋅ KWZP-FL3✓ Children	Cregon, Death Index, 1903-1998	Other informat Hancock	Other information in the record of Richard Lynn Hancock from Idaho Deaths and Burials	
Charles William Elder	Lynn Hancock Idaho, Obituaries, 2007	from Idaho Deaths		
Living • LN38-SHQ	Show Details	Name:	Richard Lynn Hancock	
		Gender:	Male	
Renee Hollingsworth Living • LN38-9GJ		Burial Date:	06 Jul 1939	
✓ Children		Burial Place:	Idaho Falls, Idaho	
- Children		Death Date:	03 Jul 1939	

You can help your family tree grow by discovering the names of your relatives. Some family trees are missing many names, and some look full, but every tree has some empty branches to fill in! Look in records like censuses and death certificates to find people. If you spend an hour researching every week for a month, you will start to find names. Begin your research with a prayer so you'll be guided by the Spirit.

To do:

- Click on a hint for one of your great grandparents and attach the record if it's a match. Attach more records with your parents' help.
- Search for more historical records about your relatives.
- When you find a person not in family tree, add them to the tree and reserve their temple ordinances.



Tip: as you look into the past, take notes on what you find.